





## PACKAGING OF PETHA



## **AATMANIRBHAR BHARAT**

PM Formalisation of Micro Food Processing Enterprises Scheme (PM FME Scheme)







#### **PETHA**

- A popular Indian sweet of North India
- Especially famous in regions like Agra and Mathura, Meerut, Aligarh etc.
- Translucent, soft and chewy
- Eaten dry or dipped in sugar syrup (Chashni)
- Made from ash gourd.
- Many flavoured variants are available,
   e.g. kesar petha, angoori petha etc.







## **AVERAGE NUTRITIONAL COMPOSITION OF PETHA**

Nutritional Information per 100g (Approx.)

Energy

420.44 Kcal

Carbohydrate

64.21 g

Total Fat

15.96 g

Protein

14.99 mg

Cholestrol

0 mg







## TYPE OF PACKAGING USED FOR PETHA

## **Primary Packaging**

- Plastic Sheets
- Plastic Pouches
- Plastic Boxes

## Secondary Packaging

- Paper
- Cardboard
- Corrugated Boxes





### **ADVANTAGES OF PACKAGING PETHA**

- Provides physical protection
- Prevents from mechanical shock and compression
- Provides information transmission through labelling
- Encourage potential buyers to purchase the product
- Provide convenience for distribution, sales and handling
- Reduce the risk of pilferage







## PACKAGING FOR DRY PETHA

- Translucent and soft candy like texture
- Varieties are plain dry petha, dry kesar petha etc.
- Plastic material is used for primary packaging
- Mainly wrapped in Polyethylene film
- Both LDPE and HDPE films can be used
- Maintains individuality of petha pieces









## PACKAGING MATERIAL FOR DRY PETHA

- Polymer Films can be used:
  - either wrapped with pieces, or
  - lined with other packaging material
- Cardboard boxes are secondary packaging material
- Plain or lined with plastic films
- Provide mechanical strength
- Make handling and distribution easier







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## PACKAGING MATERIAL FOR WET PETHA

- Petha pieces are packed with sugar syrup
- Varieties include Angoori petha, Angoori kesar petha etc.
- Plastic pouches are the primary packaging materials
- HDPE and PP pouches are used
- Plastic laminated pouches can also be used
- Pouches are filled with sugar syrup and petha











## PACKAGING MATERIAL FOR WET PETHA

- Air is removed before sealing of pouches
- Hermetically sealed pouches provide better Shelf Life
- Corrugated/duplex box are used for secondary packaging
- Provides safety and easy stacking
- Handling and distribution is easier









## PACKAGING MATERIAL FOR SPECIAL PETHA

- Varieties include Chocolate Petha, Pan Petha etc.
- Transparent Plastic Boxes are used
- Made up of PVC / PET
- Thickness ranges from 0.5-2 mm
- Provides good display of product
- Fulfills safety aspects









### CHARACTERISTICS OF PACKAGING MATERIAL

## 1. Low Density Polyethylene (LDPE)

- LDPE Melting point: 105 to 115°C
- Density of LDPE: 0.910-0.940 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Low cost polymer with good processability
- Good Transparency and easily pigmented
- Highly resistant to most solvent
- Odorless and Tasteless





## **ADVANTAGES OF LDPE**

- Flexible and Light Weight
- Good Moisture Barrier Properties
- Less costly / Economic

### **DISADVANTAGES OF LDPE**

- Susceptible to stress cracking
- Low strength, Stiffness
- High Gas permeability





## 2. HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HDPE)

- Stronger intermolecular force and tensile strength
- HDPE Melting point: 120-140°C
- Density of HDPE: 0.93 to 0.97 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Higher tensile strength compared to other forms of polyethylene
- Very low water absorption







## **ADVANTAGES OF HDPE**

- Low cost
- Good moisture barrier
- Excellent resistance to most solvents

## **DISADVANTAGES OF HDPE**

- Poor Gas Barrier properties
- Occasional Loss of flavors
- -Susceptible to Stress Cracking







## 3. POLYPROPYLENE (PP)

- PP melting point: 160 ° C
- Density of PP: 0.945 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Heat and chemical resistant
- Tough and rigid
- Stress crack resistant
- Resist oil and greases







## **ADVANTAGES OF PP**

- Light weight
- Low cost
- Less Shrinkage

## **DISADVANTAGES OF PP**

- Low impact strength
- Sharp melting point







## 4. POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC)

- Linear polymer and thermoplastic in nature

- Melting point : 212 ° C

- Density : 1.38 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

- Good impact strength and waterproof

- Good dimensional stability at room temperature

- Retains odors and flavors





### **ADVANTAGES OF PVC**

- Good moisture and vapor barrier properties
- Low cost/ Economic
- Good transparency

### **DISADVANTAGES OF PVC**

- Limited stress cracking resistance
- Tends to degrade at high temperatures
- Corrosive when overheated







## 5. CORRUGATED BOXES

- Made up of biodegradable materials
- Have Three or more layers of liner board
- Have corrugated inner medium called fluting
- -High compressive strength, resiliency & shock resistant
- High top to bottom compression strength
- Good crush resistant and stacking strength











## **ADVANTAGES OF CORRUGATED BOXES**

- Light weight
- Very cheap packaging material
- Ecofriendly
- Excellent printing capability
- Provide cushioning to product
- Easy handling









## PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS AS PER FSSAI

- Candied and crystallized fruits can be packed in,
  - polyethylene linings with suitable guage
  - paper bags
  - cardboard boxes
  - glass jars or containers
  - other suitable approved material







## PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS AS PER FSSAI

- Can also be packed in aseptic packaging material
- Packaging material should be food grade
- Should conform to the standards
- Package must be properly sealed
- Should be free from other extraneous matter
- Should contain no objectionable odor









#### **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

- Every pre-package should contain a label
- Label provides required information as per standards
- Label shall be in English or Hindi
- Contents shall be clear, unambiguous & prominent
- Contents shall be conspicuous, indelible and readily legible
- No false, deceptive or misleading labels should be used





#### **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

Label shall not be separated from package

No conflict of label information with the requirements

License number shall be displayed on the principal display panel

Label contents should be clearly understood







#### LABELLING OF PRE-PACKAGED FOODS

- The Name of Food
- List of ingredients
- Nutritional Information
- Declaration regarding non-veg
- Declaration regarding veg
- Declaration regarding Food Additives









#### LABELLING OF PRE-PACKAGED FOODS

- Net Quantity
- Lot/Code/Batch Identification
- Date of Manufacturing or Packing
- Best Before or Used by Date
- Country of origin for imported foods
- Instructions for Use





#### For More details Contact:

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